

Table 3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ¹ by major occupational group and major industry sector, private industry, California, 2016

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ¹	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	113,180	29,580	6,410	12,050	11,130	83,600	29,310	2,960	6,160	9,760	16,620	14,370	4,400	--
Management occupations	2,420	240	--	--	190	2,180	220	450	250	230	330	330	370	--
Business and financial operations occupations	1,020	170	50	100	20	850	100	--	410	140	110	60	--	--
Computer and mathematical occupations	240	70	--	--	70	170	20	40	--	60	--	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations	520	40	--	--	40	470	290	--	--	180	--	--	--	--
Life, physical, and social science occupations	110	20	--	--	20	90	--	--	--	50	20	--	--	--
Community and social service occupations	1,420	--	--	--	--	1,420	--	--	--	250	1,140	--	--	--
Legal occupations	90	--	--	--	--	90	--	--	--	90	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations	1,220	--	--	--	--	1,220	--	--	--	30	1,080	--	90	--
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	1,020	--	--	--	--	1,000	20	230	--	--	30	700	--	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	5,080	--	--	--	--	5,080	350	--	--	130	4,590	--	--	--
Healthcare support occupations	3,550	--	--	--	--	3,550	20	--	--	40	3,420	40	--	--
Protective service occupations	1,070	--	--	--	--	1,050	50	--	--	670	100	200	--	--
Food preparation and serving related occupations	10,840	110	--	--	110	10,730	1,050	60	70	270	740	8,500	--	--
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	8,890	520	220	--	270	8,370	330	60	430	3,480	1,420	2,220	430	--
Personal care and service occupations	3,050	--	--	--	--	3,050	170	170	--	180	1,250	800	460	--
Sales and related occupations	6,150	190	--	140	50	5,960	5,150	110	260	60	--	350	--	--
Office and administrative support occupations	9,330	670	70	--	570	8,660	4,850	380	1,160	1,000	960	170	140	--
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	5,270	5,170	5,110	--	50	100	40	--	--	--	50	--	--	--
Construction and extraction occupations	11,490	10,400	30	10,120	250	1,080	440	70	100	330	60	60	--	--
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	10,090	2,000	150	970	880	8,100	2,280	1,230	1,840	340	170	330	1,910	--
Production occupations	10,220	6,940	210	280	6,450	3,280	1,720	40	180	680	140	240	270	--
Transportation and material moving occupations	19,660	2,980	520	350	2,100	16,690	12,040	80	1,350	1,440	890	340	540	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 09, 2017